HOW THEY FORCED BRYAN'S NOMINA-TION THROUGH THE CONVENTION.

SECOND TELEGRAM FROM THE CANDIDATE SUPPRESSED—THE PROPOSED SACRIFICE

OF SEWALL-MAY NOT OFFICIALLY INFORM BRYAN OF HIS NOMINATION - ANGRY

STRAIGHT-OUTS. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

St Louis, July 26.-The tricky and tortuous policy of the Bryan leaders in the Populist party who rushed the "Boy Orator's" nominaion for the Presidency through the National Corrention yesterday in the face of his public refusal to accept Populist support on a fusion ticket is already bearing its legitimate fruit. It is known that the Democratic candidate repeated yesterday, when the balloting was in progress in the Convention, his message of the night before, declining any nomination for the Presidency which did not carry with it an indorsement of the Vice-Presidential candidate chosen to stand with him on a free-coinage plat-

The message came this time to Governor Stone, of Missouri, who communicated it to Senator Allen, the chairman of the Convention, and desired that its contents be made known to the delegates. Mr. Allen, however, true to the policy of evasion and duplicity followed by the Bryan managers in the Populist camp, refused to allow the telegram to be read, and denied officially that any word had been received from the Democratic nominee indicating his purpose to decline the nomination sought to be pressed upon him under such embarrassing conditions. The Convention, in ignorance of the "Boy Orator's" intentions, vielded to the wish of the party bosses and nominated Bryan without serious protest. NOT SO PEREMPTORY NOW

seems to have come over the spirit of the "Boy Orator's" dream. Yesterday he was telegraphing peremptorily to Senator Jones and Gov-Stone: "Withdraw my name if Sewall is not nominated," and declaring that he could not honorably accept the support of the Populist party if the same support were not freely offered to his fellow-candidate on the Demo statement issued from Lincoln, he says, rather foubtfully and haltingly: "Whether I shall accept the nomination or not will depend entirely upon the conditions which are attached to it," and again: "I shall do nothing which shall en canger the success of bimetallism, neither shall do anything unfair to Mr. Sewall." What this marks, in the minds of many observers here, the first definite step of the Democratic Presidential candidate and his friends toward the sacri fice of the tail of the National ticket for the success of bimetallism," as typified in Mr. Bryan's elevation at all costs to the Presidency.

The other Democratic and Populist supporters of the Nebraska orator are not cautious in the xpression of a readiness to force Mr. Sewall off the National ticket in the interest of fusion with the Populist organization. Senator Jones the chairman of the Democratic National Committee, wrote thus to Thomas M. Patterson, of Colorado, one of the most conspicuous of the Bryan leaders in the Populist ranks, on the very night "Tom" Watson defeated Sewall for the Yke Presidential nomination:

Dear Sir: I have never stated to any one that there is any likelihood of Mr. Sewall withdrawing from the ticket as a candidate for Vice-President to make room for another candidate. I have no authority to say that the Democratic National Committee will aid in organizing a joint electoral ticket is any State, with the understanding that any part of such ticket is to vote against Mr. Sewall.

tance: With all electors in favor of the election of Mr. Bryan, there would be little difficulty, in my opinion, in such a course. I still hope that the great cause may not be sacrificed to either personal or partisan

WILLING TO SACRIFICE SEWALL.

Nothing could hint more clearly than this at the underlying purpose of Mr. Bryan and his personal representatives here to encourage the scheme of electoral fusion, made necessary by the choice of a separate Populist candidate for the Vice-Presidency, and to conjure up such embarrassment as would lead ultimately to a draft on Mr. Sewall's patriotism in the shape of a de-

mand for his retirement from the field.

It is the present programme of the Populist bosses to delay informing Mr. Bryan of his nomination as long as possible, in the hope that some terms for fusion on Bryan-Watson electors may be agreed to, and the Democratic organization in the Southern States reconciled to supporting so distasteful a Vice-Presidential candidate as the Georgia Populist. Senator Allen, the chairman of the Notification Committee, has secured permission to assemble the committee at his own pleasure, and it is even whispered that he contemplates not calling the members together at all This extreme policy is advocated by Goverror Holcomb, of Nebraska; Senator Stewart, of Nevada, and few others of the Western contingent. The Southern leaders stoutly oppose such an abandonment of party dignity and re-Monsibility. A. L. Mims, of Tennessee, whose hame was before the Convention for the nomination for Vice-President, was positive in the assertion that Mr. Bryan will be "notified." "We do not care much." said he, "whether he formally accepts the nomination or not. We will vote for him just the same. I think that Mr. Sewall will decline the nomination from the Democrats, and this will leave the way open for Mr. Bryan to accept the nomination, with Mr. Watson as his furning mate. If Mr. Sewall should accept, it would be difficult to say whether Mr. Bryan would accept or not."

J. H. McDowell, the sergeant-at-arms of the Convention, said emphatically that Mr. Bryan would be informed officially of the action of the Convention. "We have nominated, not indorsed him," Mr. McDowell reasoned, "and it would be a farce to do so and not officially notify him. I know that Mr. Bryan would have accepted if the full ticket had been named, but the turn-down of Sewall puts a new phase on the question, of tourse. I don't know whether he will accept or

ANGRY MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD MEN. Many of the Middle-of-the-Roaders are still bursing their wrath and indignation at the outtime of the Convention. Representative Howed of Alabama, one of the bitterest opponents of an indorsement of Bryan, said to-day: "We have been made the laughing stock of the entire with Health and the laughing stock of the entire well as the laughing stock of the entire well as a convention of delegate fighting—knife to knife, point to point and hilt to hilt—for the purpose of naming a member of its own party for the Vice-Plesian and the same and the same are the same borid The idea! To think that such a specta-

would have sent me to Congress and kept me there as long as I cared to stay."

VANDERVOORT BOILS OVER

Paul Vandervoort, of Nebraska, president of the Reform Press Association, was especially severe in his criticisms of the arbitrary and high-handed rulings of the permanent chairman of the Convention, Senator Allen. He said: "I don't think I ever saw a convention conducted in a more outrageous manner than this inging about the nomination of Mr Bryan. The action of the Silver party in acting as an annex to the Democratic party and the plutocratic and corrupt methods of the leaders plutocratic and corrupt methods of the leaders of the Democratic party; the outrageous rulings of the galvanized Democrat who presided over the Convention, aided and abetted by the packed Colegations who, many of them, represented rotten boroughs, with no Populist constituents, and who, in a mass, represented an organized appetite for spoils, assisted by every Populist officeholder who has received high office at the hands of our party, except Senator Butler and Congressmen Howard, Skinner and others, of North Carolina and Alabama, accomplished an outrageous betrayal of the noblest plished an outrageous betrayal of the noblest movement that has ever existed in this country. I have a high opinion and the utmost respect for W. J. Bryan, and if Thomas E. Watson is recognized as the legal candidate of both tickets I would feel inclined to trust Mr. Bryan. The whole rank and file of the Populist party and all of the press will resent the old party methods by which the control of the press will resent the old party methods by which the control of the press will resent the old party methods by which the control of the press will resent the old party methods by which the control of the press will resent the old party methods by which the control of the press will resent the old party methods by which the control of the press will resent the old party methods by the control of the press will resent the old party methods by the control of the press will resent the old party methods the pressure of by which the Convention was controlled will wait and see, but the great disappointment of the noble rank and file when they hear of the butchery of the Populist party will make it very difficult to rally them for the Demo-cratic ticket. They will not be delivered unless the ballot-box stuffers are sent to the rear and fheir noble candidate for Vice-President is treated with absolute fairness. If they attempt to ignore Mr. Watson and retain Sewall on the ticket the great mass of the party will never

Then Mr. Vandervoort drifted into a discus-tion of politics in Nebraska, and told of how it as intended to checkmate the Populist-Bryan following unless they came to terms.

OPEN REVOLT AMONG TEXANS. Something of the feeling of the Texas delegation, which held out to the last against nominating Bryan, and are now threatening to put up a separate candidate for the Presidency, is reflected in the following statement from Marion

Williams, one of the delegates:

"The action of the Convention is unprecedented in the history of political parties. Delegates have been seated in this body who are not Populists, and it is their desire to turn this Convention into a ratification of the work of the Chicago Democratic Convention. The Populists of Texas will never again stand up and be counted for the naming of the Democratic party. counted for the naming of the Democratic party. We are ready and willing to vote for Bryan if he will indorse the platform of our making, and we will go home and loyally and faithfully support him. If he does not do so, I cannot support him, and it is my opinion that the Populist party of Texas will either vote for McKinley or go fishing. Not that we indorse McKinleyism, but we think it would be better to elect him and bring on the crisis than to have four years more of Democracy, which will only result in four years more of broken promises, and at the end of that time the rotten old party of ballot-box stuffers will be again howling for another chance to starve the people to death. another chance to starve the people to death. Every delegate from my State to the Chicago Convention would have supported the nominee of the Democratic party had it declared for the gold standard, and we have no confidence in

### SEWALL WILL NEVER RESIGN.

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR VICE-PRESI-DENT ANNOUNCES HIS DETERMINATION. "The Herald" yesterday published a special

dispatch from Bath, Me., in which, in reply to

the question as to whether he would resign from the Democratic ticket, Mr. Sewall says: "Resign? I never withdraw and I never re-

sign. I was nominated by the Democratic Convention, and I am a Democrat."

OLNEY URGED TO INTERFERE.

A PETITION FROM FLORIDA IN BEHALF OF MEL-TON, WHO WAS CAPTURED ON THE COMPETITOR

Jacksonville, Fla., July 26 .- A determined effort is to induce the United States Government to secure the release of Ora Melton, the young At ican who was captured on the Competitor and is now confined by the Spaniards in Fort Cabanas. The citizens of Key West and Florida generally are aroused, and demand that this Government shall do something to relieve him. The people of Key West have petitioned Secretary Olney to act, and have forwarded a petition to T. T. Stockton, general manager of "The Times-Union," for transmission

# MET DEATH AT A CROSSING.

A YOUNG WOMAN INSTANTLY KILLED AND HER ESCORT FATALLY INJURED.

Lancaster, Penn., July 26.-A train on the Pennsylvania Railroad struck a carriage containing a young man and woman at the crossing at Bird-in-Hand at an early hour this morning. Barbara Hershey, of Blackhorse, was instantly cut off and is probably fatally injured. The horse was instantly killed. The young couple were returning from a party and were chatting with friends in a rear vehicle when struck by the locomotive. Their parents are wealthy farmers. Enos Barge, of Refton, her escort, had an arm

# SUICIDE WHILE INSANE.

A BARTENDER BREAKS INTO HIS EMPLOYER'S ROOM TO GET A REVOLVER WITH WHICH TO KILL HIMSELF.

Julie Thellemann, a bartender, twenty-two years old, in the Brook Hotel, at No. 715 East One-hundred-and-forty-ninth-st., who lived at the same place, broke into the apartment of the owner of hotel, John Kuhner, on the third floor, and picking Kuhner's revolver up went to his own room and blew his brains out. Theilemann had been working for the Brook Hotel, which is a Raines law hotel, for about six months. Lately he had been acting strangely, and yesterday afternoon was so careless with his work and muttered so to himself that Kuhner made up his mind that he was crazy, and was on the point of calling a police-man. He did not do so, but at 6 o'clock he told

Theilemann that he could have a night off. About 9 o'clock Theilemann was heard trying to open the door of Kuhner's room. Nothing was thought of it, as Theilemann was allowed to go thought of it, as Theilemann was allowed to go where he pleased in the house. At 9:30 o'clock a plstol shot was heard, and a moment afterward Theilemann was found lying on his bed in his own room with a wound behind his right ear. Policeman Belton, of the Morrisania station, found Theilmann still alive. He sent a hurry calli to Fordham Hospital, which is three miles away, and in fifteen minutes Dr. Hargraze was at the house with an ambulance, but Theilemann had died before he came.

with an amount of Kuhner's room showed that fore he came.

Examination of Kuhner's room showed that Thielemann had broken open the door. Kuhner did not know anything about Thellemann's relations, as the bartender had attended strictly to business and had been very uncommunicative. He said he thought he was a single man. The body was kept at the hotel to await the arrival of the Coroner.

# A YOUNG MAN COMMITS SUICIDE.

Passaic, N. J., July 26 (Special).-William S. Carr, twenty-six years old, committed suicide this aftwenty-six years old, committed suicide this af-ternoon by taking a dose of cyanide of potassium. Young Carr was employed in New-York, and lived with his mother and two brothers and a sister in the Boulevard, near Lincoln-st. At 5 o'clock he

this morning by a noise and thought burgiars were in his house. He got his revolver, and as he did so Alabama we have fused with the Republicans this morning by a got his revolver, and as its units house. He got h NEW-YORK, MONDAY, JULY 27, 1896.—TWELVE PAGES.

FIRST CHANCE TO DISCUSS THE CAM-

PLENTY OF SPEAKERS TO INSTRUCT THE VOTERS

Cleveland, July 26 .- Major McKinley and Mark Hanna, chairman of the Republican National

Major McKinley returned from Canton last evening, and was at once driven to Mr. Hanna's home. Although Major McKinley had been in Cleveland most of the week and had been a guest all of that time at Mr. Hanna's house, the candidate and his manager have had no opportunity to discuss the forthcoming campaign. Major McKinley said to-day:

"I came back to Cleveland because my many engagements during the centennial exercises made it impossible for me to have a full and satisfactory talk with Mr. Hanna about the campaign and its management. Indeed, we nation, and now I find that there are scores of matters which demand attention and discussion with Mr. Hanna."

PUBLIC EAGER FOR INFORMATION The campaign has been outlined in a general way only by Mr. Hanna and his committee. They do not know what turn affairs may take in reference to another Democratic ticket, and, of necessity, their actions are somewhat limited in scope and significance by the imperfectly developed situation which confronts them. Under the circumstances the most that car be done is to have campaign literature of an informing character quickly prepared and widely circu-

Senator Sherman, who was here two or three days last week to participate in the centennial exercises, is somewhat alarmed at the manifestation of the silver sentiment in certain sections and communities. He told Major McKinley that his voluminous correspondence was laden with inquiries about the money question, and that he Kinley to have the speaking campaign once, and said he was ready and willing to tal the stump at a moment's notice. Other Republicans of prominence, such as Senator Hawley and ex-Governor Merriam, of Minnesota, have

pressed themselves in pretty much the same nner to both Major McKinley and Mr. Hanna Major McKinjey and his manager have reached the conclusion that the best results this year will the conclusion that the best results this year will be attained by holding a large, indeed, an uncommonly large, number of political meetings. It is believed that it will be difficult to get the people to read heavy Congressional speeches on the money question, or other long documents. On the other hand, there is abundant evidence of a lively demand for clear, crisp, simple talks on the money question, and for short articles and leaflets bearing upon it. In short, this year the committees of both parties will undoubtedly spend their money keeping hundreds of speakers at work in the field, instead of sending out millions of dreary documents, as has frequently been of dreary documents, as has frequently been done. Major McKinley and Mr. Hanna are of one mind upon this point, and the necessary or-ders to the clerk in charge of this work will be given out at once

WEINLEY'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE. When Major McKinley settles down in Cantor again this week he will begin to think seriously about his letter of acceptance. He expects to begin work on it within ten days, and may hav a draft of it completed within a fortnight. It a draft of it completed within a fortnight. It is not his intention to make it public for a month or so, however. He wants to see what turn events will take, and needs something to determine the ultimate cast which he shall give to the Issues of the campaign. The letter of acceptance will be a sort of final, supplementary, up-to-date platform, and the great work of the campaign will be done on the lines which it indicates. Major McKinley will prepare this document with great care, and it will be one of the most important utterances of the campaign.

# A CRAZY MAN AT MASS.

THE PRIEST LEAVES THE ALTAR TO PACIFY HIM. AND FOUR POLICEMEN HAVE A HARD TIME SUBDUING HIM.

An insane man created considerable commotion at the celebration of the mass in St. Catherine of Genoa's Roman Catholic Church, at No. 502 West One-hundred-and-fifty-third-st, yesterday morning. When the congregation was entering the church for the 8 o'clock mass a tall, shabbily dressed man walked into one of the pews in the rear of the church and immediately went down on his knees to pray. He clasped his hands tightly and apparently was praying earnestly. The stranger paid no attention to the services, but remained on his knees until nearly noon, when he was taken from

The sexton thought he was acting queerly, and at the following mess went to him and asked him what was the trouble, but his query only enraged the man, who uttered a violent shrick. greatly frightened the congregation, and several women and children hastily left the church.

Father Slattery left the altar to pacify stranger, but when the priest spoke to him he yelled madly, so it was decided to allow him to pray unmolested. Two policemen from the One-hundred-and-fifty-second-st. station were sum-moned, and when the maniac saw them he became frantic. By this time the last mass had been said, and only the sexton and pastor and a few members and only the sexton and pastor and a few memoers remained. The lunatic fought desperately to resist arrest, and it required the combined strength of four men to unclasp his hands. An ambulance from Manhattan Hospital was summoned, and the policemen had a hard struggle to hold the man in the wagon on its way to the hospital. His name is said to be Richard Sadler, and he is about twenty-two years old. Sadler was removed to Bellevue Hospital yesterday afternoon.

# KIDNAPPED BEFORE HIS MOTHER.

A LITTLE BOY IN TIVERTON, R. I., STOLEN BY THREE MEN.

Fall River, Mass., July 26.-A strange case of kidapping was reported to the local police this after moon by James M. Manchester, a farmer, living on Bedford Road, at the end of Fish Road, Tiver-He says his five-year-old boy, John Philip, was playing in the road when three men drove along in an open wagon. The boy's mother was running after him, and when the men saw her they picked the little fellow up and drove rapidly oward this city with him.

His father immediately harnessed a hors gave chase to the men, but lost all trace of them at the end of the car line in Stafford Road. A onductor has been found who says he saw mer conductor has been found who says he saw men answering the description given driving toward Flint village, but the police cannot find them. The description given of the men is not clear. The boy has light hair, blue eyes and light complexion, and wore blue short trousers, a blue cap and a faded blue jumper. He was barefooted. The parents are not well-to-do, and no cause is given why the boy should be taken.

# MORE "STORE HOLD-UPSW IN CHICAGO.

THE "LONG" AND "SHORT" COMBINATION FIG-URES IN ONE OF THE CRIMES.

Chicago, July 26.—Shortly after 8 o'clock last evening the twenty-first "hold-up" of a store took place in this city, when two young men entered the ewelry store of C. M. Robertson, of No. 187 North Clark-st., and asked to see several articles ewelry, which they endeavored to pocket. Robertson, however, "got the drop" on his visitors, and, locking the door to prevent their escape, held them at bay with a revolver until the police or

them at bay with a revolver until the police critical to his assistance. At the police station the young men gave their na es as James Robinson .

Frank Harper. The police say that Robinson is a well-known criminal.

Hold-up No. 22 was successfully carried out about 9.39 o'clock, when the "long" and the "short" combination entered the grocery store of James O'Reilly, at No. 154 Morgan-st., and while one man held a revolver under Mr. O'Reilly's nose and robbed him of his watch, the other took \$15 out of the money drawer. Then both escaped in the darkness.

### M'KINLEY AND HANNA CONFER VANDERBILT IN NEWPORT. SIX KILLED AND EIGHT WOUNDED.

HE MADE THE TRIP IN HIS BROTHER', YACHT, THE CONQUEROR.

NO INFORMATION GIVEN OUT AS TO HOW HE BORE THE JOURNEY-NO SIGN, HOW--THE LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE. EVER, OF ANY UNFAVORABLE

CONSEQUENCES. . [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Newport, R. I., July 26.-Cornellus Vanderbilt to New-York two weeks ago to-morrow, the day before he was taken ill. His removal from New-York was effected on the steam yacht Conqueror, the property of his brother, Frederick W. Van-

morning, and arrived here about 5 o'clock, this afternoon, after a smooth and uneventful trip. She made a landing at the Old Colony Steamboat Company's pier.

There was in waiting a coach especially adapted to insure the comfort and safety of an invalid. It had been sent on from New-York for the purpose, and in it Mr. Vanderbilt was conveyed, under the charge of his physician, who accom panied him, over the mile or more separating the wharf from "The Breakers."

The transfer of the sick man was made so quickly and quietly that few persons were aware of it. As much secrecy as possible was preit is impossible to learn how Mr. Vanderbilt stood the sail from New-York. There is no indication, however, of any unfavorable results.

### MRS VANDERBILT WAS WITH HIM.

Newport. R. I., July 26.-Cornelius Vanderbilt was removed early to-day from his house in Fifthave., New-York, and taken on board his brother F. W. Vanderbilt's steam yacht, the Conqueror. An easy trip was made up along the Sound, and the yacht arrived here about 5 o'clock She made for the Fall River Line dock, a most unusual place to tie up, and the sick map was brought ashore and placed in a New-York ambulance in waiting. An easy drive was made to

He was accompanied by his wife, doctors and nurses. Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, his daughter, and his sons arrived last evening. So far as can be learned, Mr. Vanderbilt stood the fatigue of the journey as well as could be expected. It is believed that the sea air will hasten his recovery. It is said that the entire medical staff will remain for a day or two to watch the progress of his recovery from the fatigue of the journey.

Mr. Vanderbilt was taken from his house at Fifty-seventh-st. and Fifth-ave. about 5:45 o'clock yesterday morning, supported by several bers of his family. Two carriages were in waiting, one of them having been drawn up on the sidewalk in front of the Fifty-seventh-st. entrance to the house, the Fifty-eighth-st., entrance, where the driveway is, being blocked by scaffolding. Rugs were put in the carriage, and the patient was made as comfortable as pos-

The party were driven up Fifty-seventh-st. toward Sixth-ave. From there they went to the Forty-second-st. ferry, and crossed the river to where the yacht Conqueror, belonging to F. W. Vanderbilt, was moored. Mr. Vanderbilt and the party boarded the yacht, which promptly started for Newport.

William May, the owner of boathouses at West Thirty-fourth-st., said the yacht was opposite Forty-second-st. at midnight Saturday, and soon after 7 a. m. yesterday she had gone.

At the Vanderbilt house no information could be obtained about the departure of Mr. Vanderbilt. The attendant at the door refused to take a note to any one in the house. He said he knew nothing about Mr. Vanderbilt.

Not knowing that the reporter had heard about Mr. Vanderbilt's removal, the night watchman bilt's illness began volunteered a statement concerning the patient's condition. The watchman said Mr. Vanderbilt was improving all the time.

When he was asked if Mr. Vanderbilt was still in the house, he said he did not know. He knew nothing about the carriages in the early morning, he said, and could not tell whether Mr. Vanderbilt had been taken to Newport or not. The reporter called at Dr. J. W. McLane's

house, No. 51 West Thirty-eighth-st., but could find no one. He also called at Dr. Draper's house, No. 18 East Forty-seventh-st. He was said to be at Glen Cove, Long Island. Drs. Delafield and Janeway could not be found. It was said that Dr. McLane accompanied Mr. Vanderbilt on the Conqueror.

Chauncey M. Depew, when seen late last night, said that he had just returned from Peekskill and was not aware that Mr. Vanderbilt had been account to Navaort. He said however that

removed to Newport. He said, however, that the doctors had been advising such a course, be-lieving it desirable to get the patient out of the city before another hot spell set in.

# POLICEMAN CATCHES TWO RUNAWAYS.

THE ANIMALS HAD THROWN THEIR RIDERS AND WERE ON THE POINT OF DASHING INTO A CROWD OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Two saddle-horses that had thrown their riders on the bridle-road at Eighty-fourth-st., in Central Park, yesterday afternoon, dashed into a crowd of women and children on the walk at the Belvidere, ould have trampled and probably seriously injured several persons had it not been for the coolof the horses and seized each by the bridle, and, after being dragged several feet, succeeded in stopping them. One of the horses belonged to J. F. McDermott, of No. 170 West Tenth-st., and the other to William H. Hovey, of No. 567 West Thirty-seventh-st. Neither of the riders was injured.

# SUSPECTED OF ROBBING A POOR-BOX.

AN ALLEGED CHURCH THIEF CAUGHT BY SEXTON AFTER A CHASE

John Adams, a slender youth of twenty, with restless light blue eyes, was caught by the sexton of St. Thomas's Church, West Farms, after a of a block yesterday afternoon, and was locked up in the Tremont police station, charged with breaking open the poor-box in the vestibule of the church. It was 12:30 o'clock, and the church was empty when Simon Byrne, the sexton, who lives at Main and Oosdorp sts., West Farms, hap pened to stroll out of the vestry into the church and up the alsie toward the vestibule. was half-way to the door a man jumped suddenly from the shadow at the side of it and ran out into the street. Byrne started after him. As he ran through the door he noticed that the lid of the walnut poor-box was broken open. He chased the man out into the road and down a long block beman out into the road and down a long block be-fore he caught him. He dragged Adams back to to the church, where he turned him over to Policemon Dermody, of the Tremont station. Adams was taken to Tremont and locked up. When the man was searched \$1.25 in small coins

were found together in one pocket. There was a quantity of coin in the poor-box when it was examined after the supposed robbery. It is thought that Adams was surprised at his work by the

that Adams was surprised at his work by the entry of the sexton, and did not get all the money. If he had remained quiet the sexton would have passed him by without suspicion, as the church was open for prayer.

Adams increased the suspicion against him by contradicting himself in telling his story at the station. He first said he lived in Daly-ave. West Farms, and belonged in St. Thomas's Parish. He afterward said that he lived at No. 25 East Twenty-first-st. was visiting some friends on Daly-ave. and had never been in the church before. He could not tell where his relatives lived. Adams will be examined in Morrisania Court today. He says that he is a printer. Father McMahon is rector of St. Thomas's Church.

FATAL RACE RIOT IN FLORIDA-FURTHER TROUBLE APPREHENDED.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 26.-Dispatches to 'The Times-Union" from Jasper, Hamilton County, Fla., state that a race riot occurred last night fifteen miles northeast of there, in which six men were killed and eight people wounded. Two of the latter were women. Those killed are said to be Henry Jackson, Albert Sullivan, Edward Johnson, white; "Jim" Solomon, Amos Campbell, "Ike" Mitchell, colored. The names of the wounded have not been learned.

The tragedy occurred at Haggard's turpentine still, where many colored men are employed. The colored men gave a "festival" last night, and while it was in progress a number of white men intruded, and the shooting resulted. It is rumored that the negroes are generally arming, and a posse of whites left Jasper to-night for the scene of the trouble.

### RUNAWAYS IN SEVENTH-AVE.

TWO CAUSE LIVELY TIMES FOR PEDES-TRIANS AND OTHERS.

Two runaways created wild excitement late yesterday afternoon in upper Seventh-ave., just when the roadway was crowded with carriages and bicyclists and the sidewalks thronged with pedes-The first flurry of excitement was caused by a spirited carriage horse, driven by Oscar Roesner, a clerk, of No. 2,189 Fifth-ave.. Roesner was driving in One-hundred-and-thirty-eighth-st., and had just crossed Lenox-ave, on his way to notion to run away, and grasping the bit between his teeth started on a mad run. The driver pulled hard on the reins, but finding his efforts were of no avail Roesner fell back in the seat of the buggy and trembled with fear as the horse whirled the carriage along.

A sharp turn at the corner took the runaway into Seventh-ave., where it turned south. Mounted Policeman Peter J. Hunt, of the Highbridge station, was standing with his horse at One-hundred and-thirty-ninth-st., and seeing the frightened animal, mounted his own horse and followed at a rapid gait. The runaway, galloping at its utmost speed, swerved from the west to the east side of the avenue and a number of carriages and wheelmen narrowly escaped a collision. At One-hundred-and-Ricesner's horse dashed into a victoria driven by John McGinnis and owned by H. A. Flammer, wife of Magistrate Flammer, and a victoria.

McGinnis saw the animal coming toward and he drove into the curb as far as possible. Roesner's horse was plunging into the air at the time, and his front feet struck the dashboard of to the reins of his team and brought them almost to a standstill. When the runaway struck the victoria the animal fell back, and then jumped for-This time his front legs became en

ward again. This time his front legs became en-tangled between the left forewheel and springs of Mrs. Flammer's carriage, and the animal kicked desperately to extricate himself. Policeman Hunt had by this time overtaken Roesner's buggy, and he grabbed the horse by the bridle, while several citizens held the team attached to the victoria. The occupants of the latter carriage, though badly frightened, jumped out and escaped injury. In the mean time the entangled horse continued in his mad efforts to free himself. The horse finally succeeded, but not until nearly all of the skin on his front legs had been torn and the flesh severely lacerated.

lacerated.

Mrs. Flammer and Miss Bigelow returned home in another carriage. Roemer leaped from his buggy the moment the collision occurred. His horse was taken to a nearby livery stable, together with Mc-Ginness's team.

taken to a nearby livery stable, together with McGinness's team.

A larke white mustang, which had recently been shipped here from the West, furnished the second surprise of the afternoon to the horsemen and pedestrians who spend part of their Sunday afternoons in the avenue. A licensed vender purchased the mustang from horse-dealers, who are selling several carloads of Western horses at One-hundred-and-fifty-fourth-st, and Macomba's Dam Lane. The pedler started to take home his new purchase, and he led the mustang by a long rope attached to the halter. Evidently the beast was not familiar with the lively traffic of such a popular driveway as Seventh-ave, for, at One-hundred-and-fifty-firit-dst, after walking peaceably for one block, the mustang broke away with a single bound and dashed among the numerous carriages to One-hundred-and-fifty-first-st., where he darted upon the sidewalk, which was crowded with people, hundreds of whom were women and children. Some one gave a yell of warning, and immediately there was a lively scram-

infly-first-st., where he darted upon the sidewalk, which was crowded with people, hundreds of whom were women and children. Some one gave a yell of warning, and immediately there was a lively scramble. Men and women rushed in all directions for a safe hiding-place. The women screamed loudly with fright, and dozens of ba.y-carriages were hurried into vestibules. After running through the terror-stricken crowd on the sidewalk to One-hundred-and-fiftleth-st, the mustaing continued in the middle of the avenue to One-hundred-and-forty-second-st. The avenue between One-hundred-and-forty-second and One-hundred-and-forty-first sts, was almost blocked with carriages, and there the mustaing again played havoc with the throngs on the sidewalk, galloping at a terrific pace for five blocks, while thousands of people rushed into nearby doorways or the various cross streets.

Mounted Pollceman Hunt, who had caught the first runaway, dashed after the mustaing, but his horse was no match for the Western animal. Between One-hundred-and-thirty-seventh and One-hundred-and-thirty-eighth sts. the horse tripped on the long rope which was tied to his haiter and feil to the ground, but after rolling over twice the animal jumped to his feet again and ran as madly as ever. Albert Deliffer, a theatrical manager, was standing on the corner of One-hundred-and-thirty-seventh-st. and Seventh-ave. He was talking to Frederick Brighton, and both were several feet away from the regular procession of pedestrians. The mustaing grazed Deliffer's body and knocked him to the sidewalk. He was badly bruised, but sustained no serious injuries. The horse ran on to One-hundred-and-thirty-second-st., where he turned quickly and galloped back to One-hundred-and-thirty-fith-st. There the mustaing turned west-of about fifty persons who were standing in the street at Eighth-ave, and who were writing for the arrival of a trolley-car. Several of the men grabbed the women's umbrellas and waved them at the approaching animal. The horse came to a standstill when he

# A POLICEMAN AND A MOB.

INDIGNATION WHEN HE ARRESTED A BOY WHO

HAD HIT HIM IN THE EVE Policeman John Meagher, of the Madison-st. station, last night arrested Isldor Schwartz, twelve years old, of No. 4 Allen-st., for striking him in the eye with a piece of wood Gerry Society rooms. Meagher has a cut over the right eye. The policeman was riding on a Canai-st. car, near Orchard-st., when he was hit. He says he saw Schwartz throw the bit of wood deliberately

at him, and he jumped off the car and caught him.

The policeman shook the boy several times, and imnediately was surrounded by 2,000 people, all crying to the policeman that he was killing Schwarts Meagher tried to make his way through the mob and, not succeeding, boarded a car and told the driver to go ahead. Meagher kept hold of the boy,

driver to go ahead. Meagher kept hold of the boy, intending to take him to the Eldridge-st. station, in which precinct he was.

But the density of the crowd was so great that the car could not proceed, and the conductor told Meagher to get off so that the driver could go on. The policeman took to the street again, and, followed by the entire crowd, finally reached the station. Sergeant McCoy told Meagher to take Schwartz to the Gerry Society rooms, and then report to the Madison-st. station, where he had been detailed. The boy was afterward bailed by Assemblyman Charles Adler.

The boy's father, an expressman, says he will make charges against Meagher for beating his son. Young Schwartz showed no signs of having been maltreated.

### PUMPMAKERS GO ON STRIKE. Buffalo, July 26.-Two hundred men employed by

he Snow Pump Works quit work yesterday after noon because one of their fellow-workmen had been discharged for eating while on duty, which was against the rules of the company. The workmen have other grievances in regard to pay for extra work and the abelishment of the lunch system. They think they can win, as the company is rushed with orders and their work cannot be done by this thought that the pattern-makers and others employed in the shops will go out unless the strikers' demands are agreed to. A committee was appointed to wait on the general manager and explain matters to him. The officials of the company say the trouble is of a trivial nature and that the men will be on hand for work to-morrow morning.

"THE BENEDICT" PERFECT COLLAR BUT-TON. Benedict Bros., 171 Broadway.-(Advt.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

GREATER CITY CHARTER

DRAFT OF THE FIRST FIVE CHAPTERS MADE PUBLIC.

THE CITY TO BE DIVIDED INTO NINE BOROUGH AND THE LEGISLATIVE POWER TO BE

VESTED IN A MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY

COMPOSED OF A BOARD OF AL-

DERMEN AND A COUNCIL William C. De Witt, of the Greater New-York

Commission, yesterday made public the draft of the first five chapters of the proposed charter of the Greater New-York, as composed by the Sub-Committee on Draft. He has been buslly at work at Long Beach, Long Island, with the sistance of David J. Dean, First Assistant Corporation Counsel of this city, who has been delegated to give the Commission the benefit of his great familiarity with municipal law and

affairs. Greater New-York is divided into nine boroughs, as follows: Bowling Green, Manhattan, Yorkville, Harlem, the Bronx, Brooklyn, Williamsburg, Queens and Richmond.

The legislative power shall rest with a Council and Board of Aldermen, to be together styled the Municipal Assembly of the City of New-York. The Council shall consist of nineteen members. The president shall be elected by the voters of the entire city; each borough Board shall elect two Councilmen. The Board of Aldermen shall consist of one member elected majority of each Board shall be needed to pass an ordinance involving the expenditure of money or the granting of a franchise; a four-fifths majority is required to appropriate money for any

The Borough Boards shall be elected to serve two years, and shall consist of five members. There is to be only one Police Commissioner, one Comissioner of Charities, one of Correction and one each for the Fire, Health and Park de

In a letter sent with the draft Mr. De Wit

"These chapters must be judged in whole and in part conformably to the law of association, because in so vast and complicated a work each part is qualified and limited by its relation to the whole. For example, the division of the city into boroughs or districts contained in the disturbance of the unity and integrity of the municipality, and to others the possibility of multiplicity of offices, entailing unnecessary expense. A careful reading of the chapters on the legislative and executive powers will show that the unity and integrity of the city are carried to a point of the utmost centralization. And other chapters yet to be published will make it clear that, with the exception of deputy administrative officers to be located in the Borough of Brooklyn, the Borough of Queens and the Borough of Richmond-all being absolutely ander the one head of the chief municipality-the boroughs have no officers except a local board of five in each, who serve without compensation, and who are to take care of local improvements. the payment for which is exacted in advance from a district of assessment within the borough, or from the borough itself, and to care for and look after such home and neighborhood matters as may be intrusted to them by the Municipal Assembly of the unique and supreme city."

# TEXT OF THE DRAFT.

HOW THE CITY WILL BE GOVERNED.

CHAPTERS ON DIVISION INTO BOROUGHS, POWERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE BODY, DUTIES OF

OTHER MATTERS Following is the complete text of draft:

An act to unite into one municipality the various communities lying and about New-York Harbor, in cluding the city and county of New-York, the county of Kings, the county of Richmond and part of the county of Queens, and to provide for the govern-

The people of the State of New-York, represented n Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows

# CHAPTER I

Section 1 All the municipal corporations and parts of municipal corporations, other than counties, within the following territory, to wit: The county of Kings, the county of Richmond, the city of Long Island City, the towns of Newtown, Flushing and Jamaica, and that part of the town of Hempstead, in the county of Queens, which is westerly of a straight line drawn from the southeasterly point of the town of Flushing through the middle of the and, in the county of Queens, to the Atlantic Ocean, are hereby consolidated with the municipal corporation known as the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New-York, to be hereafter called "the city of New-York."

Sec. 2. The various cities and the wards thereof, the towns and the villages, within the territory added to that of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New-York, and the boundaries, properties and obligations thereof, shall not be deemed abrogated any further than is provided to

DIVIDED INTO NINE BOROUGHS.

Sec. 3. The city of New-York, as constituted by this act, shall be divided into nine boroughs (or districts) to be designated respectively: Bowling Green, Manhattan, Harlem, Yorkville, the Bronx, Brooklyn, Williamsburg, Queens and Richmond: the undaries whereof shall be severally and respectively as follows:

First-The berough of Bowling Green shall consist of all that portion of the city of New-York, as hith-erto known, which lies south of a line drawn through Twenty-sixth-st. from the Hudson River to the East

Second-The borough of Manhattan shall consist of all that portion of the city of New-York, as hitherto known, lying north of the borough of Bowling Green and south of a line drawn through the centre of Fifty-ninth-st, from the Hudson to the East

Third-The borough of Yorkville shall consist of that portion of the city of New-York, as hitherto known, lying north of the borough of Manhattan and south of a line drawn through the centre of Onehundred-and-tenth-st. from the Hudson to the Har-

lem or East River. ourth-The borough of Harlem shall consist of all that portion of the city of New-York, as hitherto known, bounded on the south by the borough of Yorkville, and on the north and west by Spuyten Duyvil Creek and the Harlem River, including Randall's Island and Hart's Island, in the Harlem of

East River. Fifth-The borough of the Bronx shall co all that portion of the city of New-York, as hereby constituted, lying northerly or easterly of the bor-ough of Barlem, between the Hudson River and the East River or Long Island Sound, including the several islands heretofore belonging to the city of New-York not included in either of the foregoing

Sixth-The borough of Brooklyn shall consist of that portion of the city of Brooklyn shall consist of that portion of the city of Brooklyn hitherto known as the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth and Thirty-first wards of the city of Brooklyn.

Seventh—The borough of Williamsburg shall con-sist of that portion of the city of Brooklyn hitherto-known as the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Pwenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Tweny-seventh, Twenty-eighth and Thirty-second wards

of the city of Brooklyn.

Eighth—The borough of Queens shall consist of that portion of Queens County by this act consolidated with the municipal corporation heretofore